Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/11/16: CIA-RDP80-00809A000600020036-6 - SECURITY LEFORMATION SECRET CLASSIFICATION 50X1-HUM CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY STEEL INFORMATION REPORT DATE DISTR. 24 Kar 52 COUNTRY USSE HO OF PAGES 3 SUBJECT Soriet Vethair of Economic For American NO. OF ENCLS. SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO. 50X1-HUM THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION 50X1-HUM The Acquisition of Cymership or Control of Corporations through Stock Furchases or Other Means 1. The Soviets are not interested in indiscriminate economic operations simply for the purpose of gaining control of corporations. Any operation carried on will have a specific purpose. For example, a "resident" 50X1-HUM a brewery. This is done for a specific purpose; to give the resident a good legitimate cover and to give him a large source of income. A brewery is ideally suited because it is usually a highly profitable type of business. Another highly interesting activity for the Soviets is gaining control of From the vantage point the banks. 50X1-HUM of a bank, economic pressure can be applied in the right places by ortending or denying loans, and business activities can be very conveniently watched. Stalin has put all Soviet activity on a basis of "Khozraschot", that is, any activity should justify itself without a subsidy form Moscow. Thus, and activities the property of the form of t are expected to be financed out of profits from all activities 50X1-HUM business activities 2. A Soviet citizen stationed acroad is in no position to purchase stock in a foreign concern. This is always done by residents. The precaution is always taken of drawing up the necessary documents for sale or transfer of the enterprise and securing the resident's signature before he assumes control of the enterprise. These documents are then guarded in a safe. Should the nominal owner prove recalcitrant, he could be eliminated without endangering title of possession of the enterprise. SECREI SECRET / LECURITY INFORMATION CLASSIFICATION DISTRIBUTION

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So when large sums of money are transferred from one country to another, the Soviets arrange for a national of another country to have nominal possession of the funds, and to move into the country where the funds are to be used. A local resident sould draw suspicion on himself were he suddenly to gain possession of a great deal of money.

The Establishment of Holding Corporations or Joint Stock Companies.

4. The pretense is always maintained that nationals of the countries wherein the corporations are located, hold a dominant interest. Actually, the Soviets always retain at least 51% of the stock in their own hands and have effective control of the rest through puppets. As mentioned before, a legalized authorization of sale or transfer is obtained beforehand and retained in the possession of the Soviets.

The Extension of Loans or Credit Accommodations.

- 5. The USSR is little interested in granting foreign loans for it needs funds for its own domestic build-up. Secondly, the USSR prefers to work for the decline of a foreign country's economy rather than to aid in strengthening it. A country with a disrupted economy is fertile ground for Communist expansion; a strong economy will naturally orient itself toward the US. However, the USSR would be willing to give temporary help in a particular situation where benefits would accrue to the USSR.
- 6. The Satellites are simply colonies. Soviet officials have just as much freedom of action there as they would in the USSR itslef. However, few loans have been extended to the Satellites, for the Soviet policy is for these countries to rely upon their own finances and their own natural resources.

Furnishing of Technical Assistance

7.

8.

is to bring natives to the USSR for training in their specialty and also for political indoctrination. Upon return to their own countries they take up the work for which they had trained, and at the same time execute orders from the USSR without attracting attention to themselves, as would a Soviet citizen in a similar position. Many Chinese were trained in the USSR for this nurpose.

Controlling or Influencing Labor Organizations through Subversive Leadership or by Other Means.

10. The policy in respect to labor unions is very flexible and may be improvised according to the specific situation. Soviet agents, nationals of the countries in which they are working, are provided with plenty of money, the source of which is impossible to trace. In a democratic country, almost anything can be done with money. Resident agents do not usually work through the acknowledged leaders of the unions, but try to set up counter-leaders and factions. These counter-leaders are very vocal, aggressive and active.

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	One technique is to organize picules, concerts and dances. Besides being a success socially, these affairs will yield a profit which will be turned over very estentatiously to the union for charitable work. The actual proceeds may have been very small, but Soviet funds may be used secretly to increase the total or even to cover a loss. In this way, a counter-leader will build up a reputation as a champion of the rank-and-file members. The eventual goal is to squeeze cut those leaders who are not oriented towards the USSR.		
11.			50X1-HUM
	Devices for Avoiding Export and Other Controls		
12.	would be too expensive. The usual procedure for sale of a shipment of goods in a foreign country is the following: The Soviet trade representative visits the potential buyer with a sample of the goods to be Sought. The merchant, who knows beforehand how much will be needed to get the goods past customs, undertakes this part of the transaction for he can accomplish it were cheaply and safely. When he places his order		50X1-HUM 50X1-HUM
	for the goods he takes into account this expenditure for customs. The USSR is responsible only for bringing the goods as far as the border, after which the merchant takes over. Experience has demonstrated that deals concluded in this manner are mutually more profitable.	4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -	50X1-HUM
	deals concluded in this manner are mutually more profitable.		50X1-HUM
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	Trade Agreements or Barter Deals for Strategic Materials.		
13	Preferred items of import into the USSR are finished machines and instruments which are often studied and copied in the USSR. Thus the Soviets avoid the expense of developing and testing the machines.	3	-
li	usually be limited to a single country and involve only certain commodities. Soviet negotiators profer to operate with large sums of money, which they	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	can manipulate more freely. They like large-scale speculations	7 7 7	50X1-HUM

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